



giBS

Gitarattan International Business School

Grade 'A' Accredited by NAAC

DEPARTMENT OF LAW

Programme Outcomes (POs) for LLM

After the program the students will be able to:

PO1:	Inculcate critical thinking to carry out research objectively without being biased with preconceived notions & equip the student with skills to analyze problems
PO2:	Formulate a hypothesis, evaluate and validate results, and draw reasonable conclusions thereof prepare students for pursuing legal research in varied fields.
PO3:	Imbibe effective scientific and/or technical communication in both oral and writing.
PO4:	Continue to acquire relevant knowledge and skills appropriate with the help of professional activities and demonstrate highest standards of ethical issues in legal research

Programme Specific Outcomes (PSOs) for LLM

PSO1:	Should be able to demonstrate understanding of substantive and procedural law sufficient to enter the legal profession and professions in which legal knowledge is an advantage.
PSO2:	Should be able to associate the learning from the courses related to Law and Management.
PSO3:	Should be able to gather and interpret relevant facts and conduct legal research.
PSO4:	to strengthen the capability so as to understand the laws at national and global level and to solve the client's problem.
PSO5:	should possess the skills to communicate in both oral and written forms and ability to formulate legal problems and using appropriate concepts and methods to solve them.
PSO6:	Should analyzing social problems and understanding social dynamics.

Course Outcomes (COs) of LLM

FIRST SEMESTER

Paper Code	Subject	Course Objectives
GEN 101	Research Methods and Legal Writing	CO1: To make students understand research methodology and different components of legal research and their application. The paper will attempt to instill rational tools of analysis in the students so that their research contributes to the development of socio-legal dimensions. CO2: Demonstrate good legal writing skills, including an understanding of the use and preparation of legal research material in legal writing and the correct methods of legal referencing. CO3: Use and apply secondary sources, case law and legislation using both paper based and online resources to a research problem.
GEN 103	System of Governance	CO1: Is to enable the students understands and appreciate various forms and systems of Governance. CO2: to orient students with the role of judicial institutions in promotion of governance, its limitations and challenges.
GEN 105	Law and Justice in a Globalised World	CO1: To understand the process of globalization in all its dimensions and perspectives CO2: To understand the globalization in the context of law and justice and the vice versa i.e. the law and justice in the context of globalization.
GEN 110	Dissertation	CO1: The dissertation shall be evaluated by the Board of Examiners consisting of Dean, an External Examiner, one faculty member nominated by APC and the supervisor concerned. Students are evaluated on the basis on their research writing skills , clarity on research methodology, hypothesis, literature review, research questions, etc CO2: Study past in the light of its present to make it meaningful
CRL 111	Law of Corporate Management and Governance	CO1: Identify the issues connected with governance of corporations CO2: Prepare the strategies and terms to enable a business entity to minimise frictions due to noncompliance of corporate governance standards CO3: Develop plans for mitigating the risks through due diligence in corporate transactions by way of good governance standards

		CO4: Compare the best practices and differentiate the Indian corporate governance standard with Global corporate governance norms, including ESG.
CRL 113	Competition Law & Consumer Protection Act, 2019	CO1: To equip students with an understanding of principles of Competition law, together with the ability to subject it to critical, legal and economic analysis. CO2: To provide an understanding of fundamentals of market economy and extensive knowledge of application of competition policy on such systems in India. CO3: To study the developments of the policy of free and fair Competition in India in the light of latest legal developments, from MRTP to the Competition Act. To study and understand the working of Competition Law Enforcement and compare the same with US and EU. CO4: To compare substantive laws relating to Competition in India, EU and US, including the control of monopoly and oligopoly, merger control, anti-competitive agreement and abuse of dominant position.
CRL 112	Law Regulation of Capital Market and Foreign Investment	CO1: To understand of the trends in regulation of capital markets and foreign investments. CO2: To contemplate the broader economic objectives and purposefulness of the nature, forms and extent of regulation of the capital markets.
CRL 114	Corporate Taxation	CO1: To learn practical aspects of taxation of companies and interpret the entire process of interplay between economy, taxation and generation of revenue via a vis employment opportunities. CO2: Learn about new and emerging areas in Tax Litigation and understand international aspects of tax management
CRL 116	Banking, Insolvency and Insurance Law	CO1: To develop a conceptual understanding of the basics principles of Banking and Insurance Laws.CO 1: To develop a conceptual understanding of the basics principles of Banking and Insurance Laws CO2: To facilitate the participants with an in-depth understanding and hands-on approach in relation to the legal and practical aspects of insolvency and bankruptcy. CO3: To understand the concepts and apply them to a wide range of problems related to the Banking and Insurance Sector

CRL 118	Law of Corporate Finance and Securities Regulations	CO1: To define, explain and analyze the basic concepts, financial system and financial instruments relating to investments. CO2: To comprehend the practical aspects of the constitution, powers, functions and working of SEBI and the Securities Appellate Tribunal. CO3: To analyze the legal and regulatory framework governing investments in India.
ADR 115	Evolution and Concept of ADR	CO1: To understand the backdrop, meaning, advantages and disadvantages of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) mechanisms. CO2: To study the fundamental concepts associated with dispute resolution mechanism and its utility with legal aid and consumer awareness.
ADR 117	Law of Arbitration	CO1: interpret the arbitration agreements with respect to the intent of the parties, seat of arbitration, applicable law and other relevant clauses. CO2: To understand framework of arbitration and different issues of jurisdiction CO3: To understand the practical issues in drafting “Arbitration Clause”.
ADR 128	Mediation, Conciliation and Negotiation	CO1: to understand Drafting skills of Mediated Agreements and its enforceability. CO2: to study the significance of specialized communication skills, and negotiation techniques which facilitate productive interaction for mediator/conciliator.
ADR 130	International Commercial Arbitration	CO1: The students gain knowledge base of the currently existing main international legal provisions and sources of norms viz., UNCITRAL model law on arbitration regulating international commercial arbitration and have demonstrated the application of the law in the recent and leading Supreme Court decisions. CO2: The students will be familiarised with the concept of arbitral awards and its enforceability.
ADR 132	Foreign Investment and International Investment Arbitration	CO1: to study the significance of Investor-State Dispute Settlement and how qualified arbitrators serves foreign investors. CO2: to understand the functionality of commercial courts on the subject of international Investment Arbitration.
ADR 134	Practical Training in ADR Skills	CO1: To equip the learner with an understanding of various ADR methods; CO2: To train the learner to choose from these

		methods, and use them in a manner which creates minimum stress on the parties – in terms of both money and time. CO3: To enable learners to pursue solutions acceptable to both sides in a legal dispute
CJS 119	Crime and Administration of Criminal Justice in India	CO1: To learn the contemporary debates in criminal law and criminal justice CO2: To acquire in depth knowledge on procedural criminal law in India. CO3: The students will be able to tell the essentials of Criminal justice system know the importance of procedural law and analyze power of courts and their powers
CJS 121	Law and Organized Crime	CO1: To enable the students understands and appreciate broad classification of organized crime and their respective causes CO2: To understand the role of organized crime in the matters of national security and associated legal issues
CJS 120	Penology: Treatment of Offender	CO1: Student will have any insight of correction facility, its objective, need and importance. CO2: to impart teaching on punishment, prison administration, police administration, etc. and familiarise the students with the latest developments taking place in this field of knowledge. CO3: to study the scope of juvenile justice in context of treatment of offenders
CJS 122	Privileged Class Deviance	CO1: to focuses on the Criminality of the “Privileged Classes”. The definition of “Privileged Classes” in a society like India should not pose major problem at all; the expression nearly includes wielders of all forms of state and social power. CO2: to explore Construction of model for the understanding of reality of middle and upper; middle class deviance criminality in India:
CJS 124	Crime and Investigation in ICT Era	CO1: To acquaint students with interface of Information Communication Technology (ICT) and the traditional concepts of crime. CO2: To study the analytical national and international response of cyber crime and judicial approach
CJS 126	International Criminal Justice System	CO1: The aim of this course is to analyze the differences in the jurisdiction of the International Criminal Court and the jurisdictions of the International Criminal Tribunal for former Yugoslavia and the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda.

		CO2: A comprehensive analysis of all provisions and jurisprudence developed by the various tribunals will be discussed. Importance will be placed on the nature of the differing relations that exist between the ICC, ICTY and ICTR with national criminal courts.
--	--	---